CFA
MAINE COON
CAT
Breed Presentation
“A Working Cat”

- Large, long, muscular body that is well-balanced & rectangular in length
- Head slightly longer than it is wide, square muzzle, high cheek-bones, strong chin
- Large, expressive, wide-set eyes that are slightly oval
- Large, well-tufted ears, wide at base
- Heavy, shaggy, silky coat that falls smoothly over the body.
- Long, tapering tail with flowing fur
- Wide-set, substantial legs with large, round, well-tufted feet
POINT DISTRIBUTION

MAINE COON CAT

POINT SCORE

HEAD (30)
Shape .......................................................... 15
Ears ............................................................. 10
Eyes ........................................................... 5

BODY (30)
Shape .......................................................... 15
Neck ........................................................... 5
Legs and Feet ............................................... 5
Tail ............................................................. 5

COAT ....................................................... 20

COLOR (15)
Body color and pattern .............................. 15

BALANCE .................................................. 5
GENERAL: originally a working cat, the Maine Coon is solid, rugged, and can endure a harsh climate. A distinctive characteristic is its smooth, shaggy coat. A well proportioned and balanced appearance with no part of the cat being exaggerated. Quality should never be sacrificed for size. With an essentially amiable disposition, it has adapted to varied environments.
HEAD SHAPE: medium in width and slightly longer in length than width with a squareness to the muzzle. Allowance should be made for broadening in older studs. Cheekbones high.
MUZZLE/CHIN: is visibly square, medium in length and blunt ended when viewed in profile. It may give the appearance of being a rectangle but should not appear to be tapering or pointed. Length and width of the muzzle should be proportionate to the rest of the head and present a pleasant, balanced appearance.

The chin should be strong, firm and in line with the upper lip and nose. When viewed in profile the chin depth should be observable and give the impression of a square, 90-degree angle. A chin lacking in depth, i.e. one that tapers from the jaw line to the lip, is not considered strong, firm or desirable.
White or other markings on face can be visually distracting. Look or feel for actual shape of muzzle.

- Excellent width of muzzle
- Good squareness
- Look for actual shape
PROFILE: should be proportionate to the overall length of the head and should exhibit a slight concavity when viewed in profile. The profile should be relatively smooth and free of pronounced bumps and/or humps. A profile that is straight from the brow line to the tip of the nose is not acceptable, nor should the profile show signs of having a “break” or “stop.”
PROFILE - Continued

- Proportionate to length of head
- Smooth, no bumps
- Slight concavity
The chin should be strong, firm and in line with the upper lip and nose. When viewed in profile the chin depth should be observable and give the impression of a square, 90-degree angle. A chin lacking in depth, i.e. one that tapers from the jaw line to the lip, is not considered strong, firm or desirable.
EARS (10 Points)

EARS: Shape: large, well-tufted, wide at base, tapering to appear pointed.
Set: approximately one ear’s width apart at the base; not flared.
Ear Set Appears Different Depending on Maturity and Size of the Head

If the outer base of the ear is set way back from the inner base the ears will appear flared
EYES: large, expressive, wide set with an opened oval shape. Slightly oblique setting with slant toward outer base of ear.

Large OPEN OVAL

Too round
Too slanted
Flat on top
EYE COLOR: shades of green, gold, green-gold or copper. White cats and all cats with white may have blue or odd eyes.
EYE COLOR: shades of green, gold, green-gold or copper. White cats and all cats with white may have blue or odd eyes.

*NOTE: Standard Change 2016
BODY SHAPE: muscular, broad-chested. Size medium to large. Females generally are smaller than males. The body should be long with all parts in proportion to create a well-balanced rectangular appearance with no part of the anatomy being so exaggerated as to foster weakness. Allowance should be made for slow maturation.
Well-Balanced

Helmi
NECK (5 Points)

Neck: Medium long
LEGS AND FEET (5 Points)

LEGS and FEET: legs substantial, wide set, of medium length, and in proportion to the body. Forelegs are straight. Back legs are straight when viewed from behind. Paws large, round, well-tufted. Five toes in front; four in back.
COAT: heavy and shaggy; shorter on the shoulders and longer on the stomach and britches. Frontal ruff desirable. Texture silky with coat falling smoothly.
Frontal ruff desirable
Excellent examples of shaggy coat

- Belly shag
- Frontal ruff
- Britches & long flowing tail fur
TAIL (5 Points)

TAIL: long, wide at base, and tapering. Fur long and flowing
Tabby Patterns

CLASSIC TABBY PATTERN: markings dense, clearly defined, and broad. Legs evenly barred with bracelets coming up to meet the body markings. Tail evenly ringed. Several unbroken necklaces on neck and upper chest, the more the better. Frown marks on forehead form an intricate letter “M.” Unbroken line runs back from outer corner of eye. Swirls on cheeks. Vertical lines over back of head extend to shoulder markings which are in the shape of a butterfly with both upper and lower wings distinctly outlined and marked with dots inside outline. Back markings consist of a vertical line down the spine from butterfly to tail with a vertical stripe paralleling it on each side, the three stripes well separated by stripes of the ground color. Large solid blotch on each side to be encircled by one or more unbroken rings. Side markings should be the same on both sides. Double vertical rows of buttons on chest and stomach.
MACKEREL TABBY PATTERN: markings dense, clearly defined, and all narrow pencillings. Legs evenly barred with narrow bracelets coming up to meet the body markings. Tail barred. Necklaces on neck and chest distinct, like so many chains. Head barred with an “M” on the forehead. Unbroken lines running back from the eyes. Lines running down the head to meet the shoulders. Spine lines run together to form a narrow saddle. Narrow pencillings run around body.

TICKED TABBY PATTERN: shows pronounced ticking on body and when viewed from above will show darkening at the dorsal crest but will otherwise be free from pattern or any noticeable spots, stripes or blotches. Body hairs will be TICKED with various shades of marking color and ground color. The cat will show full tabby markings on face and legs and the lighter underside may also show tabby markings.
NOTE: Standard change 2016: Ticked Tabby Maine Coon Cats compete within their appropriate tabby color classes, no longer in AOV.

(Example the 3 brown tabbies pictured above would compete in the same class.)

*Spotted Tabby Pattern can be registered but not shown.
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Red classic tabby and white

Tortoiseshell

Silver patched tabby van
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Red Ticked Tabby

Brown Ticked Tabby

Silver patched ticked tabby & white
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Tortoiseshell & white  
Cameo tabby & white  
Silver classic tabby & white
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Silver Ticked Tabby ADULT

Silver Ticked Tabby KITTEN

Brown Patch Ticked Tabby
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Blue Silver classic tabby

Blue mackerel tabby

Shaded Cameo (red silver)
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Blue patched tabby and white

Brown patched classic tabby and white
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Silver patched ticked tabby

Brown ticked tabby & white

Red ticked tabby & white
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Brown patched classic tabby

Black and white

Silver patched tabby and white
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

- **Cameo Mackerel Tabby & White**

- **Silver Classic Tabby**

- **Black smoke**
EXAMPLES OF COLORS

Tortoiseshell smoke & white

Calico

Brown patched mackerel tabby & white
EXAMPLES OF SOLID COLORS

White

Black

Blue & White

Coat color sound to the root
VARIOUS AMOUNTS OF WHITE ON UNDERSIDE

WITH WHITE CATS
• White required on bib, belly & all 4 paws
• Belly band permitted
PENALIZE: a coat that is short or overall even.

DISQUALIFY: Delicate bone structure. Undershot chin, i.e. the front teeth (incisors) of the lower jaw overlapping or projecting beyond the front teeth of the upper jaw when the mouth is closed. Crossed eyes. Kinked tail. Incorrect number of toes. White buttons, white lockets, or white spots. Cats showing evidence of hybridization resulting in the colors chocolate, lavender, or the Himalayan pattern.
HANDLING TIPS

- Support the cat under both the shoulders and under the hips.
- Try not to bump the cat’s back or head on the top of the cage opening.
- Allow the cat to have all four feet on the table, allow them to stand erect.
- Please do not bounce the cat on the table.
- If a scratching post is available, encourage the cat to stretch themselves to their full length.
Amiable Disposition
PLEASE ENJOY A VISUAL STROLL THRU CFA MAINE COON CAT HISTORY

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NATIONAL WINNING MAINE COON CATS

1982 ~~ Present
1993 thru 2000
2001 thru 2004
2005 thru 2007
2011 and 2012
2015 National Winners
THE END

Additional information visit: www.mainecoonbc.org

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